

## CERTIFICATE No.1

**Note :** This certificate should be issued by an Officer of Revenue Department not below the rank of a Tahsildar in the Taluk concerned.

### CERTIFICATE OF PERMANENT RESIDENCE IN TAMIL NADU

Certified that Thiru / Thirumathi .....Parent / Guardian\* of  
Thiru / Selvi / Thirumathi \*\* .....an applicant for admission to .....in  
Tamil Nadu has / had permanent residence at..... in Tamil Nadu.

Signature of Village Administrative Officer  
of.....  
in the.....Taluk  
of .....District.

Signature :  
Name and Designation :  
Station :

Office Seal :

Date :

† 1. The above certificate need not be produced by :

- (a) *Candidates who have passed the VI to X / VIII to XII Examinations or their equivalent examinations from a School in the State of Tamil Nadu.*
- (b) Children of Central Government employees and employees of Public Sector undertakings sponsored by the Government of India servicing in the State of Tamil Nadu for a period of 5 years continuously at the time of submission of application. However a Certificate to this effect must be produced from the Head of Office.

1. Any foreign national irrespective of the period of study in the State will not, become eligible to apply for this course. No Certificate of permanent residence in the State of Tamil Nadu, should therefore be issued to Nationals of other countries for this purpose.

2. Other candidates who claim Tamil Nadu nativity but have not passed VI to X / VIII to XII std / other equivalent examinations from a School in the State of Tamil Nadu should produce, in respect of the Parent / Guardian, certificates of permanent residence in the State of Tamil Nadu.

3. (a) This Certificate should first be signed by the Officer in charge of the Village or Town concerned which is claimed as the place of permanent residence and it should be thereafter countersigned by an Officer of the Revenue Department not below the rank of a Tahsildar in the Taluk concerned.

This Certificate should not be issued by Special Tahsildars, Deputy Tahsildars such as Loans, Land acquisition, Election, excise and HQs. Deputy Tahsildars, Special Deputy Collectors, Asst. Commissioner of Agricultural Income, Excise, Elections etc.

(b) The Certificate should bear the stamp of the office of the Officer signing the Certificate. The certifying officers should insist upon clear proof of the permanent residence of the Parent or Guardian of the candidate and satisfy themselves on the genuineness of the residential qualification. They should be particularly careful in the case of candidates whose mother tongue is not Tamil and whose place of birth is outside the place mentioned in the Certificate.

4. A person will not lose his permanent residence in the State merely on account of his absence from the State owing to his employment elsewhere in Government Service or in any occupation, trade, business or profession.

5. Government servant of Tamil Nadu and the employees of all the State Public Sector undertakings and other Statutory Bodies will be deemed to have permanent residence in Tamil Nadu (Certificate from the Head of the Office should be furnished for their employment in Tamil Nadu).

6. If only one of the parents of a candidate is alive, the State of permanent residence of the surviving parent can alone be taken into account. If both the parents are dead, the candidates may choose the State of Permanent residence of the father or mother. The State of permanent residence of a candidate's guardian need be given (and will be taken into account) only if both the parents of the candidate are dead. The relationship of the guardian to the candidate should also be mentioned. If both parents are alive, only the State of permanent residence of father should be taken into account.

7. The parent or parents of Tamil Nadu origin living in other States can be allowed to admit their children on obtaining necessary permanent residence certificate from the authorities concerned in Tamil Nadu

